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IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 2-6, 16-21, 24 and 25 without prejudice or disclaimer as to the subject matter thereof.

1.-7. (canceled)

- (previously presented) The device of claim 13, wherein the means for detecting 8. is capable of detecting the magnetic field by detecting a high magnetic field having a magnetic field strength above a predetermined threshold other than about 0.17 Tesla.
- 9. (previously presented) The device of claim 8, wherein the predetermined threshold is about 0.20 Tesla.
- 10. (previously presented) The device of claim 8, wherein the means for detecting is capable of detecting the magnetic field by detecting the high magnetic field using a Hall Effect sensor in communication with the implantable medical device.
- 11. (previously presented) The device of claim 10, further comprising means for opening a case switch for the implantable medical device in response to receipt of the MRI interference signal.
- 12. (previously presented) The device of claim 11, further comprising means for electrically separating one or more leads for the implantable medical device from a portion of a housing for the implantable medical device in response to receipt of the MRI interference signal.
- 13. (previously presented) A device adapted to perform a cardiac sensing-mode switch so to sense cardiac activity in the presence of magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) interference that exceeds a threshold of about 0.20 Tesla but not to perform said

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mode switch in the presence of electromagnetic interference (EMI) that does not exceed a threshold of about 0.20 Tesla, comprising:

means for detecting a magnetic field consistent with the characteristics of an MRI scanning device and providing an MRI interference signal related to the detection of the magnetic field;

and

switching means coupled to the means for detecting, for switching from a first cardiac activity sensing mode that is relatively more affected by the MRI interference signal to a second cardiac activity sensing mode that is relatively less affected by the magnetic field in response to receipt of the MRI interference signal, wherein in the event that a detected EMI field strength falls below about 0.20 Tesla then no switching of the first cardiac activity sensing mode occurs;

wherein the second cardiac activity sensing mode employs at least one of: a can-based accelerometer, a pressure sensor on a lead, an accelerometer on a lead, an accelerometer coupled to a connector block, a flow sensor, a heart motion sensor based on time-of-flight, a temperature sensor, an impedance-based sensor, an oxygen sensor.

14.-21. (canceled)

22. (previously presented) A device according to claim 13, wherein means for detecting the magnetic field comprises detecting a high magnetic field having a magnetic field strength of about 0.2 Tesla (2000 Gauss) to about 10 Tesla (100,000 Gauss).

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23. (previously presented) A device according to claim 13, wherein the means for detecting the magnetic field comprises detecting a high magnetic field having one of: a static gradient magnetic field, a variable gradient magnetic field with a frequency of about 5 KHz, a radio-frequency pulses of up about 10MHz to about 50 MHz, a variable magnetic field having a frequency of about 64 Hz.

24.-25. (canceled)